

### Johann Sebastian Bach - 1685 - 1750

### his early years

Johann Sebastian Bach was born in Eisenach, Germany, on March 21, 1865. He was born into a very musical family which produced many prominent musicians over several generations. Johann Sebastian's father, Johann Ambrosius Bach, was a well known musician. He was actively involved in local music and was a well known violinist and court trumpeter. Johann Sebastian, who was called by his middle name, Sebastian, began to learn about music from his father.

Sadly, by the time Sebastian was ten years old, both of his parents had died. He went to live with his older brother, Johann Christoph, in another town called Ohrdruf. Christoph was an organist at his church and he made sure that his younger brother kept up practicing his music.

While Sebastian was a young boy he began to learn to play the violin, viola, clavier (which was a keyboard instrument) and the organ. He also sang in the choir at the church.

Christoph was able to help Sebastian to develop his keyboard skills a lot because he himself was a fine organist and he had to repair and maintain the church organ as well, which meant that he could teach Sebastian very much about the instrument.

Apart from being a talented musician, Sebastian was deeply religious. While he was living with his brother Christoph, he went to school where music and religion were important parts of his studies. Sebastian stayed with his brother until he was fifteen yeas old. He then went to live in Lüneburg and continued his studies there while earning his own living as a chorister at the Church of Saint Michael. here he learned much more about church music and about music from other countries like France and Italy, which really interested him. He was by now a very accomplished musician and a talented composer.

At the age of eighteen he travelled to Weimar to play the violin in the chamber orchestra of Prince Johann Ernst of Weimar and after that he moved on to Arnstadt, to play the church organ there. Even though he was such a young man he was already getting to be well known and people liked his music very much.

### Can you answer these questions?

What was the name of the town where Johann Sebastian was born?				
Who was his first music teacher?				
Who took care of him after his parents died?				
What instrument did his brother play?				
Name two instruments that he had to practice.				
How old was he when he left his brother's house?				
What did he learn about when he went to Lüneburg?				
True or False	He helped repair the violins at church			
Johann Sebastian's father played the flute	He was deeply religious			
He came from a very musical family	His father died when he was 12			
Johann Sebastian sang in the church choir	He played organ for Duke Johann Ernst			



Name	 	 

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### his later years

When Sebastian was twenty he spent three months studying with a famous German composer and organist, Dietrich Buxtehude. He was only supposed to be there for one month but he was learning so much that he stayed on for another two months just because he wanted to. He used a lot of what he learned in his own compositions and his own playing. Some of his new ideas sounded strange to his listeners but most people liked what they heard.

Two years later he married Maria Barbara Bach, a cousin of his, and they went to live in Mülhausen, where Sebastian played the organ in the Church of Saint Blasius. They didn't stay there long. In the following year, 1708, they decided to go back to Weimar where Sebastian was to work for Duke Wilhelm Ernst again as organist and violinist. He stayed there for nine years. During this time Sebastian wrote about thirty cantatas as well as music for organ and harpsichord. He was made leader of the court orchestra in Weimar in 1714 when he was twenty nine years old.

During this time Sebastian traveled around Germany quite a lot giving concerts. He was getting to be famous. At the same time his own family was growing. Sebastian and Maria had seven children altogether, but in those days many children died, especially when they were still babies. Only four of their children survived.

In 1717 Sebastian took his family and moved to Köthen to become the conductor of the orchestra for Prince Leopold of Anhalt-Köthen. In between writing musically professionally, which he did a great deal of, he also managed to write music books for his wife and children, to help them advance musically as well. He wrote the 'Well Tempered Clavier," the "Inventions," and the "Little Organ Book" for them.

Suddenly, in 1720, his wife Maria died. This left him very sad and with four young children to care for. It must have been a very difficult time for him.

About a year later he married Anna Magdalena Wilcken, who was a singer and the daughter of a musician. She took over the care of his children and helped him to get on with his work. They had thirteen more children but only six of them survived

The Bach family stayed in Köthen until 1723 when when they moved to Leipzig. Sebastian was appointed musical director and choirmaster of Saint Thomas' church. He stayed in Leipzig for the rest of his life and wrote the greatest of all his music there.

### Can you answer these questions?

which great organist and composer did he study with?				
Who was Johann Sebastian Bach's first wife?				
What work did he do soon after his first marriage?				
How many of his children survived altogether?				
Who did he go to work for in 1708?				
What music books did he write for his family				
Where did he move to from Köthen				
True or False	His second wife, Anna, was a pianist			
He taught Dietrich Buxtehude	He moved to Weimar in 1708			
He wrote 13 cantatas in Weimar	He became a conductor for Prince Leopold			
Sebastian wrote 'Inventions' for his family	He stayed in Leipzig for nine years			



## Composers

Bach - Handel - Purcell

### Johann Sebastian Bach Sheet

Name.

1685 - 1750

# Wrote Toccata and Fugue

Prince Leopold's funeral Played at

Wrote The Passion

of St Matthew in 1729

Moved to Leipzig

Magdalena 1721

Lived in Cothen

Lived in Weimar

Married Maria 1707

Church of St Michael

Moved to Arnstad

Chorister at the

with his brother

on March 21st Born in Eisenach

Lived in Ohrdruf

in D minor

Maria died in 1720

Married Anna

on July 28th

Died at Leipzig

Visited the court of

was developing

Serious eye trouble

Completed Mass in B Minor after failed eye operation Became totally blind King of Prussia Frederic The Great

Wrote the Peasant Cantata in 1742

1750

Wrote 295 Cantatas

of St. John 1723 Wrote Passion

Concertos in 1721

Wrote Brandenburg

Appointed conductor

the Duke's permission

tried to leave without

house arrest when he

and was placed under

Dietrich Buxtehude

was ten years old had died by the time he Both of his parents

Worked for Duke Ernst

to Prince Leopold

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Studied with

1708

1703

1700

1695

685

Johann Sebastian Bach's wife died in poverty ten years after her husband died. None of his music was published for 50 years.

How many cantatas did he write after he moved to Leipzig? What health problem did he suffer before he died? When were the Brandengurg Concertos written? Where did he live for 27 years of his life? Why was he placed under house arrest? What did he do in the Church of St Michael?..... In which year did he study with Dietrich Buxtehude? Where did Johann Sebastian Bach live in 1695? Who did he work for in Weimar? ..... In which year did Maria die?