Proving Quadrilaterals in the Coordinate Plane

Name

Standard: G.CO.11 Prove theorems about parallelograms. Theorems include: opposite sides are congruent, opposite angles are congruent, the diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other, and conversely, rectangles are parallelograms with congruent diagonals.

Essential Question: How can I use the coordinate plane to investigate properties of quadrilaterals?

- **A.** Plot points A = (-3, -1), B = (-1, 2), C = (4, 2), and D = (2, -1).
- 1. What specialized geometric figure is quadrilateral ABCD? Support your answer mathematically by proving opposite sides are parallel.
- 2. Draw the diagonals of ABCD. Find the coordinates of the midpoint of each diagonal. What do you notice?
 - midpoint of AC = _____
 - midpoint of \overline{BD} = _____
- 3. Find the slopes of the diagonals of ABCD. What do you notice?
 - slope of \overline{AC} = _____
 - slope of \overline{BD} = _____
- 4. The diagonals of ABCD create four small triangles. Are any of these triangles congruent to any of the others?
- **B.** Plot points E = (1, 2), F = (2, 5), G = (4, 3) and H = (5, 6).
- 5. What specialized geometric figure is quadrilateral EFHG? Support your answer mathematically.
- 6. Draw the diagonals of EFHG. Find the coordinates of the midpoint of each diagonal. What do you notice?
 - midpoint of *EH* = _____
 - midpoint of FG = _____
- 7. Find the slopes of the diagonals of EFHG. What do you notice?
 - slope of \overline{EH} = _____
 - slope of \overline{FG} = _____
- 8. The diagonals of EFHG create four small triangles. Are any of these triangles congruent to any of the others?

Distance d = $\sqrt{(y_1 - y_2)^2 + (x_1 - x_2)^2}$ Midpoint $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$ Slope = m = $\frac{y_1 - y_2}{x_1 - x_2}$

- **C.** Plot points P = (4, 1), W = (-2, 3), M = (2,-5), and K = (-6, -4).
- 9. What specialized geometric figure is quadrilateral PWKM? Support your answer mathematically.
- 10. Draw the diagonals of PWKM. Find the coordinates of the midpoint of each diagonal. What do you notice?
 - midpoint of \overline{KP} = _____
 - midpoint of \overline{WM} = _____
- 11. Find the lengths of the diagonals of PWKM. What do you notice?
 - <u>*KP*</u>=____
 - <u>WM</u>=____
- 12. Find the slopes of the diagonals of PWKM. What do you notice?
 - slope of \overline{KP} = _____
 - slope of \overline{WM} = _____
- 13. The diagonals of PWKM create four small triangles. Are any of these triangles congruent to any of the others?
- **D.** Plot points A = (1, 0), B = (-1, 2), and C = (2, 5).
- 14. Find the coordinates of a fourth point D that would make a rectangle. Justify that it is a rectangle.
- 15. Find the coordinates of a fourth point D that would make it a parallelogram that is not also a rectangle. Justify that it is a parallelogram but it is not a rectangle.