

1) In **Nigeria**, the President is elected by popular vote, and is the head of state, head of government, and the leader of the Executive branch of government.

In **South Africa**, the President is elected by the Parliament, and is the head of state and the head of government.

Using this information, you can tell that Nigeria operates as a \_\_\_\_\_ and South Africa is a \_\_\_\_\_.

a) Unitary State; Confederal State

**b) Presidential Democracy; Parliamentary Democracy**

c) Parliamentary Democracy; Presidential Democracy

d) Constitutional Democracy; Parliamentary Democracy

2) Which of these is **NOT** a major problem experienced by many African countries due to political instability?

a) limited access to education

b) food shortages and malnutrition

**c) a significant decrease in birth rates**

d) lack of medical treatment and supplies

3) Although this nation has made great progress in protecting the personal freedoms of its citizens since **apartheid** ended here in 1994, many people still live in poverty and the nation is faced with crime, corruption, and an HIV/AIDS epidemic.

a) the Republic of Kenya

b) the Kingdom of Ethiopia

**c) the Republic of South Africa**

d) the Republic of Saudi Arabia

4) What type of government does Kenya have?

a) Parliamentary democracy

**b) Presidential Democracy**

c) dictatorship

d) Autocratic

5) The legislative branch of Kenya's government includes the **bicameral** Parliament of Kenya, containing the Senate and the National Assembly. What does bicameral mean?

a) one house

**b) two house**

c) three house

d) four house

6) What is one of the biggest challenges facing Kenya today?

a) poaching

**b) terrorism**

c) apartheid

d) runaway zebras

7) In Nigeria, power within the government is divided among the national government, state governments, and local governments. How is Nigeria's government power distributed?

**a) Federal system**

b) Unitary system

c) Confederation

d) Autocratic

8) Why was Nigeria's constitution, written in 1999, such an important event?

a) It established an absolute monarchy to rule the country.

b) It established Nigeria as a colony of Great Britain

**c) It established a peaceful transition from military to civilian rule**

d) It formally recognized the Independent State of Biafra

9) In what way can citizens participate in the governments of South Africa, Nigeria, and Kenya?

**a) citizens are allowed to vote**

b) only males are allowed to vote

c) citizens have no personal freedoms

d) only landowners are allowed to vote

10) In what government does power come from the people?

a) autocracy

**b) democracy**

c) communism

d) dictatorship

11) In many African countries, males have a higher literacy rate than females. Why is this?

a) Female students are less able to afford tuition to attend school.

b) Male students have greater literacy rates because of mandatory military programs in the schools.

c) Female students are only required to attend school until age 7, while males attend until age 10.

**d) Cultural norms and traditional values place little emphasis on education for females.**

12) What is the person in charge of running the day to day business of the government usually called?

**a) Head of Government**

b) Head of State

c) Secretary of defense

d) Secretary of State